Power Electronics

MINISTART Smart Motorstarter UG 9256

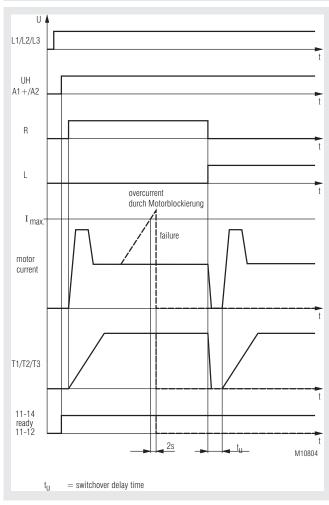




Product Description

The smart motorstarter function is a softstart, reversal and protection of 3-phase asynchronous motors. Overcurrent is detected when the set current is exceeded longer than 2 sec. Direction reversal takes place via relay switching. The relays are de-energised at this. This ensures a long service life.

Function Diagram



Your Advantages

- Up to 6 function in one unit
- Reversing anticlockwise
- Reversing clockwise
- Softstart --
- Softstop
- Current monitoring or motor protection
- Galvanic separation via forcibly guided contacts contact distance min. 0.5 mm
- 80 % less space
- Simple and time-saving commissioning as well as user-friendly operation through setting via potentiometers on absolute scales
- Blocking protection Hybrid relay combines benefits of relay technology with non-wearing semiconductor technology
- High availablility by Temperature monitoring of semiconductors
- High withstand voltage up to 1500 V
- Load free relay reversing function
- As option with disabling current monitoring

Features

- According to IEC/EN 60 947-4-2
- To reverse 3 phase motors up to 550 W to 4 kW
- 2-phase softstart
- 4 potentiometer für setting of starting torque, deceleration torque, softstart /-stop, overcurrent limit or rated motor current
- 4 LEDs for status indication
- Reversing with relays without current, softstart, softstop with thyristor
- Galvanic separated 24V-inputs for clockwise- and anticlockwise
- Reset button on front
- Connection facility for external reset button
- Relay indicator output for operation
- Indicator output at customers specification (on request)
- Galvanic separation between control circuit and power circuit
- Galvanic separation between motor terminals and supply voltage in the off or fault state
- Width: 22,5 mm

Approvals and Markings

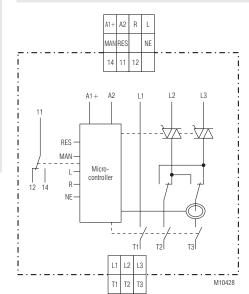
CE

Applications

- Reversing operation for door and gate controls, bridge drives and lifting applications with monitoring of blockage
- Conveyor systems with monitoring of blockage
- Actuating drives in process controls with blockage monitoring

Circuit Diagram

1



Connection Terminals			
Terminal designation	Signal designation		
A1 (+)	Auxiliary voltage + DC 24 V		
A2	Auxiliary voltage 0 V		
R+	Control input clockwise		
L+	Control input anti-clockwise		
NE	Earth connection control input		
MAN	Output for remote reset		
RES	Input for remote reset		
11, 12, 14	Indicator relay for operation		
L1	Phase voltage L1		
L2	Phase voltage L2		
L3	Phase voltage L3		
T1	Motor connection T1		
T2	Motor connection T2		
Т3	Motor connection T3		

Function

Soft start

Two motor phases are impacted through thyristor phase-fired control to allow a steady increase of the currents. The motor torque behaves in the same manner when ramping up. This ensures that the drive can start without jerking and the drive elements are not damaged. Starting time and starting torque can be adjusted via rotary switch.

Softstop (variant /1__)

The softstop function shall extend the natural running down time of the drive to also prevent jerky stopping.

The deceleration time is set with rotary switch ton, the running-down torque with rotary switch $\rm M_{\rm off}$.

Motor protection (variant /1__)

The thermal load of the motor is calculated using a thermal model. The nominal motor current can be adjusted via potentiometer I_e . To calculate the thermal load the current is measured in phase T3.

A symmetric current load of all 3 phases of the motor is assumed for flawless functioning. When the trigger value – stored in the trigger characteristics -, is reached, the motor is switched off and the device switches to fault 8. The fault can be acknowledged via the reset button or reset input.

The data of the thermal model is cleared through reset or voltage failure. In this case, the user must provide adequate



Phase failure

To make sure the motor is not loaded with asymmetric currents, a check takes place during motor start whether phases L1, L2 and L3 are present. If one or several phases are absent, the device switches to fault 4. The fault can be acknowledged via the reset button or reset input.

cooling time of the motor.

Motor current protection (variant /0__)

To ensure blocking protection is in place, the motor current is monitored in T3. The switching threshold can be adjusted via potentiometer I_{max} . In the event of overcurrent, the power semiconductors deactivate and the signal relay for normal operation is reset. The red "ERR" LED flashes code 5. This status is stored. The fault can be acknowledged by switching the auxiliary voltage off / on, operating the reset button or selecting the reset control input.

Motor connection (variant /_0_)

In off state or fault condition the motor terminals are isolated from the mains voltage by a 4 pole. forcibly guided contact relay. The contact opening is min. 0.5 mm.

Control inputs

Clockwise rotation and anticlockwise rotation can be selected via two control inputs. The input signal detected first is executed if both inputs are selected simultaneously. After the detected signal is cancelled, the rotational direction is reversed via the soft start function.

The control inputs have a common isolated ground connection NE.

Signalling output "Ready"

Contact 11/14 is closed if no device fault is present.

Indication		
green LED "ON":	permanent on	- auxiliary supply connected
yellow LED "R":	permanent on flashing	 clockwise, power semiconductors bridged clockwise, ramp operation
yellow LED "L":	permanent on flashing	 anticlockwise, power semiconductors bridged anticlockwise, ramp operation
red LED "ERROR":	flashing 1*) 2*) 3*) 4*) 5*) 6*) 7*) 8*)	 Error Overtemperature on semiconductors Wrong mains freqency Phase reversal detected min. 1 phase is missing Motor overcurrent detected Mains isolating relay not disconnected Incorrect temperature measurement circuit Motor protection has responded

1*' - 8*' = Number of flashing pulses in sequence

Reset Function

2 options are available to acknowledge the fault

Manual (reset button):

Acknowledgement is performed by operating the reset button at the front of the device. If the button is still actuated after 2 seconds, the device resumes the fault state.

Manual (remote acknowledgement):

Remote acknowledgement can be realised by connecting a button (N/O contact) between the terminals MAN and RES. Acknowledgement is triggered as soon as the contact of the button closes. If the button is still actuated after 2 seconds, the device resumes the fault state since a defect in the acknowledgement circuit cannot be ruled out.

Setting Facilities

Rotary switch M _{on} :	- Starting torque at softstart 30 80 %
Rotary switch M_{off} (variant / 1):	 Deceleration torque at softstop 80 30 %
Rotary switch t_{on} / t_{off} (variant /2): Rotary switch I_{max} (variant /0):	- Start / deceleration ramp 1 10 s - Start / deceleration ramp 0 1 s - Motor current monitoring 5 50 A_{eff} - Nom. motor current 1.6 A_{eff} 9.0 A_{eff}

Set-up Procedure

- Connect motor and device according to application example. A clockwise rotating field is assumed for operation. A anti-clockwise rotating field triggers a fault message.
- 2. Turn rotary switch t_{on} / t_{off} fully clockwise, $M_{on} e. g. M_{off}$ fully anticlockwise and rotary switch $I_{max} e. g. l_{e}$ of the required current.
- 3. Connect voltage and starting via input R- or softstop L-.
- 4. The starting time is set by turning the rotary switch ton anti-clockwise and the starting torque is set by turning the rotary switch M_{on} clockwise to the desired value. If set correctly, the motor shall swiftly accelerate to the nominal speed.

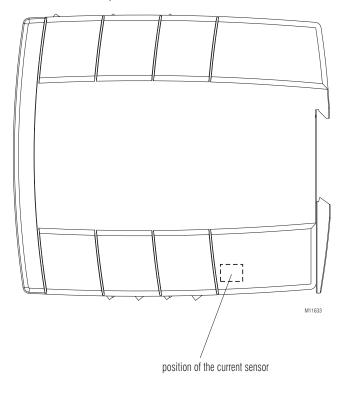
Safety Notes

- Never clear a fault when the device is switched on
- The user must ensure that the device and the necessary component are mounted and connected according to the locally applicable regulations and technical standards (VDE, TÜV, BG).
- Adjustments may only be carried out by qualified specialist staff and the applicable safety rules must be observed.
- After a short circuit the motor starter is defective and has to be replaced (Assignment type 1).
- Group supply:
- If several motor starters are protected together, the sum of the motor currents must not exceed 25 A.

Mounting Notes

When operated with rated continuous current the devices must not be placed closer than 10 mm side-by-side.

The phase current in the device is measured with a hall effect sensor. Due to this principle also magnetic fields next to the sensor may have an influence. When designing circuits with this motorstarter components that generate magnetic fields like contactors, transformers, high current wires should not be placed close to the sensor.



Technical Data

Nominal voltage L1/L2/L3: 3 AC 200 ... 480 V $\,\pm\,10\%$ Nominal frequency: 50 / 60 Hz , automatic detection Auxiliary voltage: $DC~24~V~\pm10\%$ Motor power: 4 kW at AC 400 V Min. motor power: 25 W **Operating mode:** 9 A: AC 51 9 A: AC 53a: 6-2: 100-30 IEC/EN 60947-4-2 Surge current: 200 A (tp = 20 ms) Load limit integral: 200 A²s (tp = 10 ms) Peak reverse voltage: 1500 V Overvoltage limiting: AC 550 V Leakage current in off state: < 3 x 0.5 mA 30 ... 80 % Starting voltage: 1 ... 10 s Start / deceleration ramp: Start / deceleration ramp at variant /2 _ _; /3_ _: 0 ... 1 s Consumption:: 2 W Switchover delay time: 250 ms Start up delay for master tick: min. 100 ms **Release delay** for master tick: min. 50 ms Overcurrent measuring device: AC 5 ... 50 A at variant /_ _0 Nominal motor current le: 1.6 A ... 9.0 A at variant / 1 Measuring accuracy: \pm 5% of end of scale value Measured value update time at 50 Hz: 100 ms at 60 Hz: 83 ms Motor protection Class 10 A $I_{\rm e}$ 1.5 A bis 6.9 A: Ie 6.9 A bis 9.0 A: Class 5 Short circuit strength: max. fuse rating: 25 A gL IEC/EN 60 947-5-1 Assignment type: **Electrcal life:** > 10 x 10⁶ switching cycles Inputs

Control input right, left: Rated current: Response value ON: Response value OFF: Connection: Manuel:

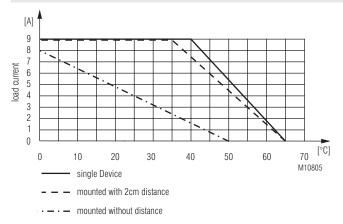
DC 24V 4 mA DC 10 V ... 30 V DC 0 V ... 8 V polarity protected diode DC 24 V (connect button on terminals "MAN" and "RES")

Technical Data

Indicator Outputs

RES:	DC 24 V, semiconductor, short circuit proof, rated continuous current 0.2 A programmable at customers specification (on request)	
Ready:	Changeover contact 250 V / 5 A	
Contact:	1 changeover contact	
Switching capacity	-	
to AC 15		
NO contact:	3 A / AC 230 V	IEC/EN 60 947-5-1
NC contact:	1 A / AC 230 V	IEC/EN 60 947-5-1
Electrical life		
to AC 15 at 3 A, AC 230 V:	2 x 10 ⁵ switch. cycles IEC/EN 60 947-5-1	
Mechanical life:	30 x 10 ⁶ switching cycles	
Permissible switching	-	
frequency:	1800 switching cycles/h	
Short circuit strength		
max. fuse rating:	4 A gL	IEC/EN 60 947-5-1
•	4 A gL	IEC/EN 60 947-5-1

Characteristics



Derating curve:

Response time [s]

1000

Rated continuous current depending on ambient temperature and distance Enclosure without ventilation slots

Gei	neral	Data	

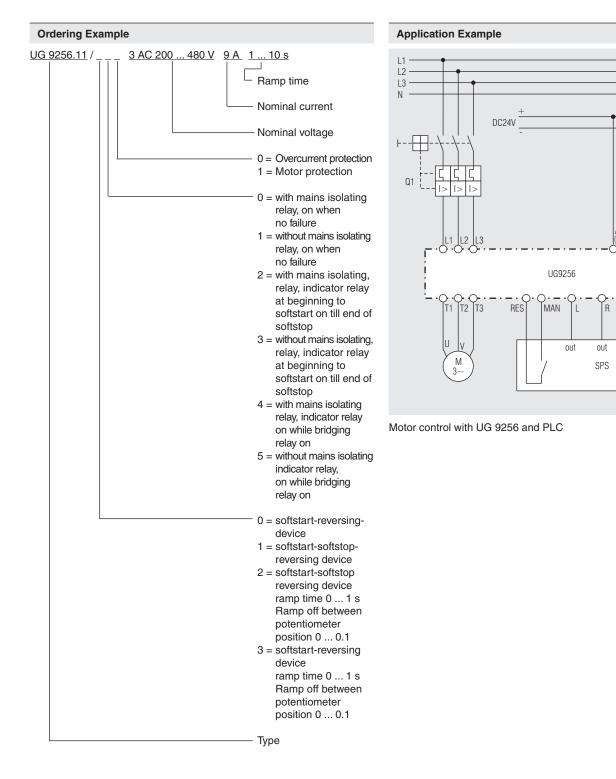
Operating mode: Temperature range: Clearance and creepage distances overvoltage category / contamination level between control input-, auxiliary voltage and	Continuous operation 0 + 60 °C (see der	
Motor voltage respectively indicator contact: EMC	4 kV / 2	IEC/EN 60 664-1
Electrostatic discharge (ESD): Fast transients: Surge voltage between	8 kV (air) 2 kV	IEC/EN 61 000-4-2 IEC/EN 61 000-4-4
wires for power supply: between wire and ground: HF-wire guided: Voltage dips:		IEC/EN 61 000-4-5 IEC/EN 61 000-4-5 IEC/EN 61 000-4-6 IEC/EN 61 000-4-11
Industrial RF interference em Radio interference: Radio interference voltage: Harmonics:	ission	EN 55 011 EN 55 011 EN 61 000-3-2
Degree of protection: Housing: Terminals:	IP 40 IP 20	IEC/EN 60 529 IEC/EN 60 529
Vibration resistance:		z, IEC/EN 60 068-2-6
Climate resistance: Wire connection: Screw terminal (fixed):	0 / 055 / 04 D	IEC/EN 60 068-1 DIN 46 228-1/-2/-3/-4
Cross section:	1 x 0.34 2.5 mm ² solid or stranded ferruled (isolated)	
Insulation of wires or sleeve length: Fixing torque: Wire fixing: Mounting: Weight:	8 mm 0.5 Nm captive slotted screw DIN rail 220 g	,
Dimensions Width x height x depth:	22.5 x 105 x 120.3 r	nm

500 400 300 200 100 50. 40-30. 20 CLASS 10A CLASS 10 -5. 4 3. 2 1 T 2 3 4 5 10 x le 1 Response current value M11011

Variant / _ _ 1: Trigger characteristics Motor overload protection

Standard Type

UG 9256.11 3 AC 400 V 4 kW 50/60Hz 9,0A Article number: 0063850 • Nominal voltage: 3 AC 400 V • Nominal motor power: 4 kW • Control input R, L • Width: 22.5 mm



NE 12

0V

14

ready

M10803

IN

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