

Function Diagram


## Circuit Diagrams



MK 9065.11


MK 9065.20

- According to IEC/EN 60 255, DIN VDE 0435-303
- Detection of underload $(\cos \varphi)$
- Current ranges up to 10 A
- Adjustable response value
- Programmable functions:
- automatic or manual reset
- closed or open circuit operation
- Manual remote reset
- Adjustable operate delay up to 100 s
- For single and 3-phase AC-systems without neutral
- Independent of phase sequence
- Also for 400 Hz systems
- MK 9065.11 can be used for motors with frequency converters

2 ... 200 Hz )

- Optionally with sealable cover
- Green indicator LED for operational mode
- Red indicator LED for underload monitoring
- Width 22.5 mm


## Approvals and Marking

## C $\epsilon$

## Applications

Monitors underload and no load on squirrel cage motors e.g.

- fan monitoring (broken belt)
- filter monitoring (blocked filter)
- pump monitoring (blocked valve, dry running)


## Indicators

green LED:
on, when supply connected on, when underload detected

## Function

The underload monitor MK 9065 measures the phase shift between voltage and current. The phase angle changes with changing load. This measuring method is suitable to monitor asynchronous motors on underload and no load independent of motor size. In some cases the $\cos \varphi$ does not change much with load change on the motor, e.g.:

- small load change on oversized motor
- single phase chaded-pole and collector motors

In these cases we recommend the use of motor load monitor BA 9067.
Programmable by bridging terminals:

- X1 - X2 bridged: alarm not stored (auto reset)
- X1 - X2 open: stored alarm: reset by external or internal reset button
- X2 - X3 bridged: open circuit operation (relay energized on underload) closed circuit operation (relay de-energized on underload)

When setting the MK 9065 in a system with frequency converters please note that the $\cos \varphi$ varies with the frequency.

| Technical Data |  | Technical Data |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Input (L1-L2-L3) |  | Climate resistance: | 20/050/04 | IEC/EN 60 068-1 |
|  |  | Terminal designation: | EN 50005 |  |
| Nominal voltage $\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{N}}$ : <br> MK 9065.11: <br> MK 9065.20: | (= Motor voltage) <br> AC or 3 AC $15 \ldots 690 \mathrm{~V}$ | Wire connection: | $2 \times 1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ solid or <br> $2 \times 1.0 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ stranded wire with sleeve |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  | AC or 3 AC $110 \ldots 127 \mathrm{~V}$, |  | $2 \times 1.0 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ stranded wire with sleeve <br> DIN 46 228-1/-2/-3/-4 |  |
|  | 220 ... $240 \mathrm{~V}, 380$... 415 V | Wire fixing: | Flat terminals with self-lifting |  |
| Voltage range: $0.8 \ldots 1.1 \mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{N}}$ <br> Nominal frequency of $\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{N}}$  |  | Mounting: | DIN rail | IEC/EN $60999-1$IEC/EN 60715 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| MK 9065.11: | 2 ... 200 Hz | Weight: | 155 g |  |
| MK 9065.20: | $45 . . .400 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |  |  |  |
| Nominal consumption: | 2 VA | Dimensions |  |  |
| Current range (L1/i-L1/k): Internal resistance (L1/i-L1/k): Consumption (L1/i-L1/k): Short time overload: | 0.1... $2 \mathrm{~A} \quad 0.5 \ldots 10 \mathrm{~A}^{*}$ | Width x height x depth: |  |  |
|  |  |  | $22.5 \times 82 \times 99 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |
|  | approx. $30 \mathrm{~m} \Omega \quad$ approx. $10 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$ max. 0.12 VA max. 1.1 VA |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Standard Type |  |  |
|  | * for higher currents use external current transformer (see connection diagram) | MK 9065.20 3 AC $380 \ldots 415 \mathrm{~V} 0.5 \ldots 10 \mathrm{~A} 1 \ldots 100 \mathrm{~s}$ Article number: 0045108 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | - Output: 1 changeover contact, 1 NO contact |  |  |
|  | Suitable current transformers:1 A or 5 A types, class 3, | - Nominal voltage $\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{N}}$ ( 3 AC $380 \ldots 415 \mathrm{~V}$ |  |  |
|  |  | - Current range: | $0.5 \ldots 10 \mathrm{~A}$ |  |
|  | with necessary load capacity | - Width: | 22.5 mm |  |
| Setting Ranges |  | Variants |  |  |
| Setting range $\cos \varphi:$ $0 \ldots 0.97$ infinite variable <br> Operate delay $t_{v}:$ approx. $1 \ldots 100 \mathrm{~s}$ infinite variable |  | MK 9065.11: Output 1 changeover c |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | separated from measuring input, standard unit can be used also with frequency converters |  |  |  |
| Auxiliary circuit |  |  |  | MK 9065.20: Model with 1 changeover contact and 1 se- |  |  |
| Auxiliary voltage $\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{H}}$(A1-A2) |  | from measuring input, cannot be used with |  |  |
| MK 9065.11: | ```AC 110 ... 127 V, 220 ... 240 V, 380 ...415 V``` | MK 9065. _ / $/ 400$ : with transparent sealable cover |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{ll}\text { MK 9065.20: } & U_{H}=U_{N} \\ \text { Voltage range: } & 0.8 \ldots 1.1 \mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{H}}\end{array}$ |  | Ordering example for variants |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Frequency range: | $45 \ldots 400 \mathrm{~Hz}$ | MK $9065.11 / 4003$ AC $15 \ldots 690$ V AC $220 \ldots 240 \mathrm{~V}$ 0.5... 10A |  |  |
| Output |  |  |  |  |
| Contacts |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| MK 9065.11: | 1 changeover contact <br> 1 changeover contact, 1 NO contact 4 A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| MK 9065.20: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Thermal current $\mathrm{t}_{\text {th }}$ : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Switching capacity to AC 15 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| NO contact: | $3 \mathrm{~A} / \mathrm{AC} 230 \mathrm{~V}$ IEC/EN 60 947-5-1 | Characteristics |  |  |
| NC contact: 1 A / AC 230 V IEC/EN 60 947-5-1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Electrical life | IEC/EN 60 947-5-1 |  |  |  |
| to AC 15 at 3 A, AC 230 V : | $5 \times 10^{5}$ switching cycles |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Short-circuit strength | 4 AgL IEC/EN 60 947-5-1$30 \times 10^{6}$ switching cycles |  |  |  |
| Mechanical life: |  |  |  |  |
| General Data |  | $40 \xlongequal{D=0,1}$ |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating mode: Temperature range: | Continuous operation |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $-20 \ldots+50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ with a distance of $\geq 10 \mathrm{~mm}$ to the next |  |  |  |
|  | units a max. ambient temperature of | D=1 |  |  |
|  | Clearance and creepage distances |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | $0,1 \quad 1 \quad 10 \quad 10^{2} \quad 10^{3} \quad 10^{4} \frac{\mathrm{tp}}{\mathrm{sec}}$ |  |  |
| rated impuls voltage / |  |  | M6879_a |  |
| pollution degree: | $4 \mathrm{kV} / 2 \quad$ IEC 60 664-1 | diagram for short-time overload of the current input L1/i-L1/k (0.5 ... 10 A) |  |  |
| EMC |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Electrostatic discharge: | 4 kV (air) IEC/EN 61 000-4-2 | , |  |  |
| Fast transients: | 4 kV IEC/EN 61 000-4-4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Surge voltages between |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| wires for power supply: | 2 kV IEC/EN 61 000-4-5 |  |  |  |
| between wire and ground: | 4 kV IEC/EN 61 000-4-5 |  |  |  |
| Interference suppression: | Limit value class B EN 55011 |  |  |  |
| Degree of protection |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Housing: | IP 40 IEC/EN 60529 |  |  |  |
| Terminals: | IP 20 IEC/EN 60529 |  |  |  |
| Housing: | Thermoplastic with VO behaviour according to UL subject 94 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Vibration resistance: | Amplitude 0.35 mm frequency 10 ... 55 Hz IEC/EN 60 068-2-6 |  |  |  |

## Connection Examples



X1 - X2 open: stored alarm (reset with internal or external button) X1 - X2 bridged: Alarm not stored (Auto reset)

X2 -X3 open: closed circuit operation
X2 -X3 bridged: open circuit operation

## Standard circuit with MK 9065.11



Connection Example for MK 9065.11 with current transformer


Connection Example for MK 9065.11 with single phase connection

## Connection Examples

Standard circuit with MK 9065.20


Connection Example for MK 9065.20 for motors with separate windings


